(b) the details of the progress made so far in this regard;

(c) by what time the said kendra/station is likely to become functional; and

(d) the reasons for the delay?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER IN THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (KUMARI GIRIJA VYAS): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). The civil and installation works of local radio station and TV transmitter have been completed. While testing of AIR transmitter is being conducted, a 150 M TV tower is being constructed. Both the projects are envisaged to be commissioned during 1992.

(d) Some delay has occurred in installation of TV tower as design of the foundation had to be altered due to sand bed at the spot, and also in providing power supply by the State Government.

[English]

Rehabilitation of Displaced Persons from East Pakistan

1738. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government received in July last year a memorandum regarding the residuary problems of rehabilitation of the displaced persons from East Pakistan;

(b) if so, the issue raised in the memorandum and the response of the Government thereto issue-wise;

(c) whether the Government propose to wind up the rehabilitation programme for the displaced persons from East Pakistan; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS AND MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI M.M. JACOB): (a) Yes Sir.

(b) A statement is attached.

(c) and (d): No time limit has been fixed for the final winding up of rehabilitation work. The residuary items of rehabilitation work are still in progress.

STATEMENT

Issues raised by the Government of West Bengal in their Memorandum of July, 1990	*Action taken by Central Government*
(A) The R.R. Committee Report of 1981	
Government of India was silent on the R.R. Committee's recommendations and even in respect of the approval accorded in one or two schemes of Rehabilitation indicated in R.R. Committee Report of 1981, the manner of approval and the scale of assistance offered were trifling.	The R.R. Committee, headed by Shri Samar Mukherjee was appointed by Government of West Bengal and it submitted its report in 1981. The recommendations of the R.R. Comittee were considered by Government of India. Of the 8 recommendations made by the Committee, Government of India in the Ministry of Home Affairs had accepted 3 of the recommendations regarding regulation of Post-50 Squatters' Colonies. Issue of free hold title deeds in urban areas and enhancement of financial ceiling of house building loans to ex-camp site families and necessary orders in this regard were also issued in consultation with the State Government. As regards the Committee's recommendations regarding development of Displaced Persons Colonies and enhancement of financial assistance for P.L. Home families, the State Government were informed that these were the concern of the Ministries of Urban Development and Welfare respectively. As regards the recommendation of non-camp families for rehabilitation assistance, State Government were informed that these families were not eligible for any rehabilitation assistance and their cases could not be reopened. On the Committee's recommendation of providing funds for economic rehabilitation assistance, the State Government were informed that the displaced persons were deemed to have merged with the main-

Issues raised by the Government of West Bengal in their Memorandum of July, 1990	Action taken by Central Government
	stream of national life and hence any further assistance for their upliftment should flow from the normal area development schemes of the State Government. Regarding the recommendation of revival of Herobhanga Scheme II, the State Government were informed that there were no eligible families awaiting resettlement and hence the question of revival of scheme did not arise.
(3) *Rehabilitation assistance to Home Families* R.R. Committee's recommendation for increased financial assistance for small trade and housing and for development of land in respect of Home families may be accepted by Government of India.	The State Government have advised to pursue the matter with the Ministry of Welfare.
(4) *Development of D.P. Colonies* Socio-economic problems are mounting for want of civic amenities and the Central Government should immediately attend to the undermentioned tasks:- (i) Development of displaced persons colonies should continue to remain as 'Central Sector Plan';	The Ministry of Urban Development have completed two phases of development in the Displaced Persons Colonies in West Bengal. The State Government were advised to pursue the specific issues with the Ministry of UrbanDevelopment.

Issues raised by the Government of West Bengal in their Memorandum of July, 1990	Action taken by Central Government
(ii) Rural colonies should be approved for development;	
(iii) Recommendations of Technical Committee set up in 1989 should be accepted in regard to upward revision of ceiling cost of development and also widening of norms and pattern of development; and	
(iv) 607 Squatters' Colonies approved for regularisation should also be included in the list of colonies for development.	
D) *Regularisation of D.P. Squatters' Colonies*	
i) The maximum size of homestead plots in rural squatters' colonies should be raised to 10 cottahs.	The Government of India have approved regularisation of displaced persons squatter' colonies subject to a maximum ceiling of 5 cottahs per family. The State Government have been informed that this ceiling cannot be enhanced further. The State Government have been informed that the ceiling prescribed by the Government of India for allotment of homestead plots in Government sponsored colonies is 10 cottahs and if they want to make any deviation they may make a selfcontained independent proposal indicating financial implications for detailed examination.
ii) Displaced person families should be allowed to retain homestead plots in rural Government sponsored colonies as fixed by the State Government in 1950s and 1960s on the basis of layout plan and past offer of allotment made to them.	

Issues raised by the Government of West Bengal in their Memorandum of July, 1990	*Action taken by Central Government*
iii) Central Government should accept a ceiling of 3 acres of land for agricultural squatters' colonies.	The State Government have been informed that the Central Government's liability in regard to regularisation of squatters' colonies is restricted to homestead plots and it would not be possible to accept financial liability in respect of regularisation of 3 acres of land in agricultural squatters' colonies.
iv) Extension of time limit by one year may be allowed for completion of land acquisition in respect of 607 post-1950 squatters' colonies.	The Government of India have issued necessary instructions agreeing to the extension of time limit by one year.
v) The State Government may be allowed to submit a supplementary list of 'left out' squatters' colonies for regularisation	While approving the scheme for regularisation of 607 squatters' colonies, the State Government have been clearly informed that the list of 607 colonies will be treated as final and no more list will we admitted by the Government of India. These views have been reiterated to State Government.

Issues raised by the Government of West Bengal in their Memorandum of July, 1990	*Action taken by Central Government*
E) Kamarhatti Bamboo Processing Centre (KBPC)	
Since the Kamarhatti Bamboo Processing Centre is owned by the Government of West Bengal, the Central Government may consider negotiatations with the State Government (KBPC) regarding rates and terms & Conditions of the order of supply of brooms to Defence Department of Government of India.	The State Government have been advised to pursue this mater with the Ministry of Defence.